This method of solving a system of equations is called solving by **substitution**, because we substituted an expression for q into the second equation.

Glossary

• substitution

Lesson 13 Practice Problems Problem 1

Statement

Identify a solution to this system of equations: $\begin{cases} -4x + 3y = 23 \\ x - y = -7 \end{cases}$

A. (-5, 2)

B. (-2, 5)

C. (-3,4)

D. (4,-3)

Solution

В

Problem 2

Statement

Lin is solving this system of equations: $\begin{cases} 6x - 5y = 34\\ 3x + 2y = 8 \end{cases}$

She starts by rearranging the second equation to isolate the *y* variable: y = 4 - 1.5x. She then substituted the expression 4 - 1.5x for *y* in the first equation, as shown:

6x - 5(4 - 1.5x) = 34 6x - 20 - 7.5x = 34 -1.5x = 54 x = -36 y = 4 - 1.5x $y = 4 - 1.5 \cdot (-36)$ y = 58

- a. Check to see if Lin's solution of (-36, 58) makes both equations in the system true.
 - b. If your answer to the previous question is "no," find and explain her mistake. If your answer is "yes," graph the equations to verify the solution of the system.

Solution

a. No, Lin's solution doesn't make both equations true.

b. When Lin applied the distributive property, she forgot to distribute the negative. The product of -5 and -1.5 is 7.5, not -7.5.

Problem 3

Statement

Solve each system of equations.

a.
$$\begin{cases} 2x - 4y = 20\\ x = 4 \end{cases}$$

b.
$$\begin{cases} y = 6x + 11\\ 2x - 3y = 7 \end{cases}$$

Solution

a. (4,-3)

b. (-2.5, -4)

Problem 4

Statement

Tyler and Han are trying to solve this system by substitution: $\begin{cases} x + 3y = -5 \\ 9x + 3y = 3 \end{cases}$

Tyler's first step is to isolate x in the first equation to get x = -5 - 3y. Han's first step is to isolate 3y in the first equation to get 3y = -5 - x.

Show that both first steps can be used to solve the system and will yield the same solution.

Solution

° Tyler's approach: Substitute -5 - 3y for x in the second equation:

9(-5 - 3y) + 3y = 3-45 - 27y + 3y = 3 -45 - 24y = 3 -24y = 48 y = -2

Substituting -2 for the *y* in the first equation gives x + 3(-2) = -5, Solving this equation gives x = 1.

• Han's approach: Substitute -5 - x for 3y in the second equation:

9x + (-5 - x) = 3 9x - x - 5 = 3 8x - 5 = 3 8x = 8x = 1

Substituting 1 for the x in the first equation gives 1 + 3y = -5. Solving this equation gives y = -2.

Problem 5

Statement

The dot plots show the distribution of the length, in centimeters, of 25 shark teeth for an extinct species of shark and the length, in centimeters, of 25 shark teeth for a closely related shark species that is still living.



Compare the two dot plots using the shape of the distribution, measures of center, and measures of variability. Use the situation described in the problem in your explanation.

Solution

Sample response: The distributions have a similar bell shape. The teeth from the extinct shark species are larger and show more variability than the teeth from the living shark species.

(From Unit 1, Lesson 15.)

Problem 6

Statement

Kiran buys supplies for the school's greenhouse. He buys f bags of fertilizer and p packages of soil. He pays \$5 for each bag of fertilizer and \$2 for each package of soil, and spends a total of \$90. The equation 5f + 2p = 90 describes this relationship.

If Kiran solves the equation for p, which equation would result?

A.
$$2p = 90 - 5f$$

B. $p = \frac{5f - 90}{2}$
C. $p = 45 - 2.5f$
D. $p = \frac{85f}{2}$

Solution

C (From Unit 2, Lesson 8.)

Problem 7

Statement

Elena wanted to find the slope and *y*-intercept of the graph of 25x - 20y = 100. She decided to put the equation in slope-intercept form first. Here is her work:

$$25x - 20y = 100$$
$$20y = 100 - 25x$$
$$y = 5 - \frac{5}{4}x$$

She concluded that the slope is $-\frac{5}{4}$ and the *y*-intercept is (0, 5).

a. What was Elena's mistake?

b. What are the slope and y-intercept of the line? Explain or show your reasoning.

Solution

- a. In the second line, Elena wrote 20y instead of -20y.
- b. We should divide both sides of the equation by -20 (instead of 20) to get the last line of Elena's work. The resulting equation should be $y = -5 + \frac{5}{4}x$. The slope is $\frac{5}{4}$ and the *y*-intercept is (0, -5).

(From Unit 2, Lesson 11.)

Problem 8

Statement

Find the *x*- and *y*-intercepts of the graph of each equation.

a. y = 10 - 2x

b.
$$4y + 9x = 18$$

c. $6x - 2y = 44$
d. $2x = 4 + 12y$

Solution

- a. *x*-int: (5, 0); *y*-int: (0, 10)
- b. *x*-int: (2, 0); *y*-int: (0, 4.5)
- c. x-int: $(7\frac{1}{3}, 0)$; y-int: (0, -22)
- d. x-int: (2, 0); y-int: $(0, -\frac{1}{3})$

(From Unit 2, Lesson 11.)

Problem 9

Statement

Andre is buying snacks for the track and field team. He buys *a* pounds of apricots for \$6 per pound and *b* pounds of dried bananas for \$4 per pound. He buys a total of 5 pounds of apricots and dried bananas and spends a total of \$24.50.

Which system of equations represents the constraints in this situation?

A.
$$\begin{cases} 6a + 4b = 5\\ a + b = 24.50 \end{cases}$$

B.
$$\begin{cases} 6a + 4b = 24.50\\ a + b = 5 \end{cases}$$

C.
$$\begin{cases} 6a = 4b\\ 5(a + b) = 24.50 \end{cases}$$

D.
$$\begin{cases} 6a + b = 4\\ 5a + b = 24.50 \end{cases}$$

Solution

B (From Unit 2, Lesson 12.)

Problem 10

Statement

Here are two equations:

Equation 1: y = 3x + 8Equation 2: 2x - y = -6

Without using graphing technology:

- a. Find a point that is a solution to Equation1 but not a solution to Equation 2.
- b. Find a point that is a solution to Equation2 but not a solution to Equation 1.
- c. Graph the two equations.
- d. Find a point that is a solution to both equations.



Solution

- a. Sample response: (1, 11)
- b. Sample response: (1, 8)
- c. See graph.

d. (-2, 2)



(From Unit 2, Lesson 12.)